### 6. This is me!

Prior Knowledge: It is helpful if children are confident with simple greeting and introductions learnt in previous sessions.

### Objectives

Engage in conversations; **ask** and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help

Present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences

Explore the patterns and sounds of language and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words.

### Support

Some children may respond to the question ¿Cuántos años tienes? by giving the number only or holding up a digit card

#### **Extension**

Children practise and perform a question and answer dialogue in pairs.

#### Main

Remind the children of the question ¿Cómo te llamas? and use the puppet from Session 4 to teach the response *Me llamo...* Model the phrase yourself using the puppet, and then use it to ask individual children ¿Cómo te llamas? encouraging the response *Me llamo ...*, rather than just their name

Play a guessing game: one child sits with their back to the class and asks the question. Silently point to another child who disguises their voice and says the wrong name. The first child says *Es* ...? (Is it ...?) The class respond with *Si/No*.

Recap the vocabulary the children have learnt so far which will help to give some information about themselves. Ask the children to recall what they can remember with a partner.

### Revise and practise:

- ¡Buenos días! / ¡Hola!
- ¿Cómo te llamas? Me llamo...
- Numbers to eight
- ¿Cuántos años tienes? Tengo siete/ocho años

Ask children to practise a mini-presentation with their partner to introduce themselves. Children may enjoy practising their presentation with a puppet. Invite confident pairs to perform their mini-presentation to the rest of the class. Remind children of the importance of speaking clearly and audibly.

Invite children to recall the new sounds they have learnt during the unit eg  $\underline{e}$ ,  $\underline{o}$ ,  $\underline{u}$ , and the new letters  $\underline{\tilde{n}}$ ,  $\underline{l}$ . Explain that the class is going to create a sound bank in the form of a class book. There will be a separate page for each sound. During the year they will be adding words to each sound page. Can they recall the words they have learnt with the sound  $e/o/u/\tilde{n}/ll$ ? Write these in the sound bank and ask children to listen out for other words that could be added to the pages

Ask the children what they have enjoyed and what they have found difficult. Invite suggestions for strategies which help them to remember new vocabulary. Ask children which games they have enjoyed playing during the unit and play their favourite game once more.

## Yo(All about me)

# 6. This is me!

	Finish the session by waving and saying Adiós. Children respond.				
Grammar	Grammar	Phonics focus	Phonics focus		
For teachers:	For children	For teachers:	For children:		
The phrase "It is: in English is translated as just one word in Spanish "Es". This is because Spanish does not always use the personal pronouns (I, you, etc). "Es" literally means "is".	No specific focus	No specific focus	Revision of e/o/u/ñ/ll		

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¡Genial, estupendo, muy bien!

<u>Learning Outcomes</u>		New National Curriculum Links		
Children can:		English		
hold a short conversation, introducing themselves and finding out about		Spoken Language – Key Stage 1 and 2		
<ul><li>somebody else</li><li>give a short oral presentation with a partner</li></ul>		Teachers should ensure the continual development of pupils' confidence and		
identify a range of different sounds used in Spanish		competence in spoken language.		
Throughout the week:		Resources		
Practise asking and answering the questi lining-up time. The class could time them right round the class with each person reperson ¿Cuántos años tienes?	selves to see how long it takes them to get	<ul> <li>Puppets</li> <li>Sound bank class book</li> <li>Computer</li> <li>Interactive whiteboard</li> <li>Multimedia presentation</li> </ul>		
Teaching Tips				
Do a Mexican wave to practise saying ages				
Pupils can try acting out their dialogues using funny voices, in the style of different emoticons, or in the manner of different adjectives				
El lenguaje del profesor / de la profesora	Teacher's Language	El lenguaje de los niños	Children's Language	
¡Buenos días! ¡Hola! ¿Qué tal? Señor/ Señora/ Señorita	Good morning! Hello! How are you? Sir/Madam, Mr/Mrs/Miss	¡Buenos días! ¡Hola! ¡Adiós ! Señor/ Señora/ Señorita	Good morning! Hello! Goodbye! Sir/Madam, Mr/Mrs/Miss	
Sí/No Me llamo ¿Cómo te llamas? Es?	yes/no My name is What's your name? Is it?	Sí/No Me llamo ¿Cómo te llamas? Es?	yes/no My name is What's your name? Is it?	
¿Cuántos años tienes? Tengo siete/ocho años	How old are you? I'm seven/eight years old	¿Cuántos años tienes? Tengo siete/ocho años	How old are you? I'm seven/eight years old	

Super, great, very good!

## Yo(All about me)

### 6. This is me!

Silencio por favor Escuchad/Escucha Venid/Ven aquí Repetid/Repite	Quiet please Listen (plural/singular) Come here (plural/singular) Repeat (plural/singular)						
End of Unit activities							
Learning Objectives	Teaching Activities	Learning Outcomes	Points to note				
to apply the knowledge, skills and understanding in this unit	Using a model, children write a short text based on their mini-presentation to accompany their portrait for a class display.  If the school has a Spanish-speaking partner school, the information can be shared through e-mail or posted.	use Spanish for real purposes to introduce themselves in oral and written form	Children can use hand-held video cameras to record each other making short presentations. These may be incorporated into a presentation or edited to make a short film. Using a learning platform, these may be saved and possibly shared with a partner school.  The web-site Global Gateway provides opportunities for finding partner schools abroad: www.globalgateway.org				